

Федеральное государственное бюджетное образовательное учреждение
высшего образования

**Российская академия народного хозяйства и государственной службы
при Президенте Российской Федерации**

Олимпиада школьников РАНХиГС

Заключительный этап

Класс: 11

Профиль: ИНОСТРАННЫЙ (АНГЛИЙСКИЙ) ЯЗЫК

Фамилия: ЗУБАЧ

Имя: ЕЛИЗАВЕТА

Отчество: ВЯЧЕСЛАВОВНА

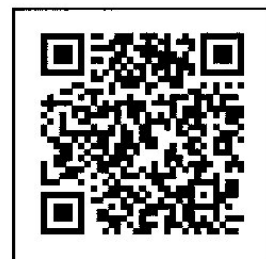
Страна: РОССИЙСКАЯ ФЕДЕРАЦИЯ

Регион: МОСКВА

ВСЕГО СТРАНИЦ

5

ПОДПИСЬ УЧАСТНИКА



Вариант 2.

Task 1.a.

- 1) work
- 2) pushing
- 3) idea
- 4) grip

Task 1.

Task 1.b.

And the first thing is passion. Freeman Thomas says, "I'm driven by my passion." TED-sters do it for love, they don't do it for money. Carol Coletta says, "I would pay someone to do what I do." And the interesting thing is, if you do it for love, the money comes anyway.

Task 1.c

- 1) Such sentence would stress ~~that~~ this particular person's feelings towards their work.
- 2) Such sentence would show the strong feelings of the person to their work.
- 3) The speaker stresses such words as "passion", "love", "driven", showing ~~the~~ the main topics of the text are ~~the~~ passion and inspiration towards work. The chosen pauses are also

Task 2

- 1) Actually, the only thing I would like to change is the number of hours I can afford to spend with my family. I love my work, I'm driven by my passion, but sometimes I really miss my children.
- 2) Well, I wouldn't say I take all their pieces of advice seriously, of course, they're not professionals, but my children inspire me and sometimes even give me interesting original ideas.
- 3) When I have some spare time I spend it with my children, talking to them, telling them about my childhood and youth. We ~~can~~ discuss my previous mistakes together. I hope my experience will help them.



- 4) As an employer I understand that lives of a significant number of people depend on me: I must provide my employees with work and money, these people believe in me, and I highly appreciate it. Therefore, I must be sustainable.
- 5) You know, you never will be good enough for everyone. I think the only person whose respect and approbation I should seek is myself. It's not difficult to handle criticism if you believe in yourself.
- 6) Don't be afraid to try new things. Don't be afraid of making mistakes. Nobody is born perfect! It's crucial to understand that it's the only way to gain real experience and create something new.

Task 4

- 1) D. Neil saw the outcomes of his situation only when he had been out of job for six months.
- 2) B. Maggie can lose control over her emotions and it's difficult to predict how her mood will change.
- 3) B. My neighbour with whom we have a dispute about the property boundaries threatened to bring me to trial.
- 4) C. It was raining cats and dogs without a stop.
- 5) B. If you have the essential recipe ingredients, you can try to cook the dish without the less important ingredients.
- 6) Tara ~~is an easygoing person~~ has always had has always been an easygoing person, and now she's going to go India. (D.)
- 7) D. I think your mentioning Ralph's forthcoming retirement was offensive and upsetting, he's frustrated.
- 8) Having been ~~treated well~~ cured in a nursing home for six months, Simon ~~is~~ is finally healthy. (C.)
- 9) B. People don't want to take initiative and open their own businesses because of the current economic situation.
- 10) D. If there are any ~~changes~~ further changes in the examination specifications, we will let you know.



Task 3.

- 1) Unless conflicting organizational priorities are resolved, productivity will ^{decrease significantly} ~~significantly decrease~~.
"Unless" and "if" could be considered antonyms because "unless" means "if not" in this context.
- 5) Were it ~~if~~ not for technological advancements, this task would be impossible.
The Second conditional is used; it means that the task would be impossible without technological advancements.
- 4) To thrive, organizations must embrace calculated risk-taking.
"Thriving" means "richness", "prosperity". It's used here to show the purpose of companies: to make money.
- 3) There is a shift occurring in global sustainability toward societal values.
"There is" used to draw the reader's attention to the ~~topic~~ ^{main} topic of the ~~sen~~ sentence. It is one of the basic ways to start a sentence.
- 2) Communication is an essential skill of the success in the modern workplace.
The noun "communication" is the subject of the sentence to make a reader assume the text would be about ~~the~~ communication, it's the main topic. This word is stressed.

Task 5.

- 1) I E) The aim of Spoken Anecdotes is to make ~~x~~ listeners laugh. This particular extract ~~was~~ is probably for friends: the style is informal, emotions are shown, "imagine the scene" is an informal phrase.
- 2) B
- 3) E
- 4) A A) The aim of a Political Speech is to persuade people in something. The extract is for members of a group or citizens of a ~~co~~ state. The phrases "We must act now", "...depends on the decisions we make today" push the listeners to actions.
- 5) L
- 6) H
- 7) K
- 8) D B) The aim of Scientific Articles is to provide those who are interested in science with exact data. The style is formal, used words "subject" and "analyzed".
- 9) G
- 10) F L) The aim of Business News is to provide employers, employees, entrepreneurs with the news in the world of business. ~~But~~ Expressions like "stock market", "companies" show that the extract is about business, and "today" hints that it's ~~the~~ the news.
- G) The purpose of Legal Documents is to ~~be~~ provide a person with exact information. The extract is for a particular user. Words "user", "via email" ~~are quite formal~~ and passive "must be taken" and "will be notified" make the style very formal, which is suitable for the genre.



I) The aim of Old English Poetry is to make the reader experience some feelings and emotions. This particular extract evokes pride and respect to the characters. This text is for people who ^{like} love to read poetry. Phrases "as the sun rose" and "the early light" are ~~not to make~~ suitable because they help to imagine ~~it~~ and feel things.

Task 6

Fallacy 1: Sentence 2

Explanation: This is a fallacy, as it claims that many argue that banning cars in city centers is the only solution without considering encouraging riding public transport and bicycles or just making restrictions on car usage.

Improved sentence: Consequently, many argue that banning cars in city centers is one of the most ~~efficient~~ effective ways of solving these problems.

Fallacy 2: Sentence 5

Explanation: This is a fallacy, as it claims that banning cars would completely eliminate air pollution, not considering that factories and other contributors would remain and pollute air, so it wouldn't be completely clean.

Improved sentence: Therefore, banning cars would significantly eliminate air pollution and make cities cleaner.

Fallacy 3: Sentence 7

Explanation: This is a fallacy, as it claims that without cars there would be no accidents, but motorcycles ~~are~~ are pretty dangerous, so pedestrians and cyclists wouldn't be completely safe anyway.

Improved sentence: For instance, if cars were banned, there would be less accidents, so it would be safer for pedestrians and cyclists.

Fallacy 4: Sentence 9

Explanation: This is a fallacy, as it claims that banning cars would instantly make city centers peaceful, ~~but~~ and enjoyable for everyone, but crying children and shouting teenagers would probably still make city centers noisy and lively.

Improved sentence: As a result, banning cars ~~would~~ would make city centers more peaceful and enjoyable for people.



Fallacy 5: Sentence 11.

Explanation: This is a fallacy, as it ~~claims that~~ shows only one point of ~~the~~ view, not even considering oppositional ~~of~~ opinions, ~~which is~~ also there are other good ways forward for cities

Improved sentence: While some may oppose to the ban, it is a really good way forward for cities

